

15  
vjet years

gap

Founded on  
**August 17, 2007**



**194**  
reports and  
policy briefs



**179**  
"Municipal  
Identity Cards"  
published



**250**  
infographics



**≈ 15**  
times participated in  
government working  
groups for drafting  
policies and legislation

**15**  
public parliamentary  
hearings where  
GAP presented



**9,933**  
reports downloads  
from GAP website  
(since 2018)



**≈ 150,000**  
lines of  
budget-related  
information



**3,936**  
monitored promises in  
five local election campaigns



**December 2007**  
first publication





**53+**

citations in scientific papers published by Google Scholar



**64**

conferences organized for engagement with decision makers



**≈ 60**

professionals engaged as full-time staff or board members over the years

**17,383**

hours spent in browsing GAP platforms



**297,997**

visitors of GAP's online platforms



**≈ 1,000**

media mentions per year

**≈ 70**

hours of TV debates during the 2021 local election campaign based on GAP reports and statistics



**892,744**

browsed pages



**≈ 70**

students trained through internship programs



**22**

various donors



**≈ 50**

press conferences

gap

# GAP Institute story

The founders of GAP Institute had two principal goals: the advancement of public policies in the newest state in Europe and the empowerment of citizens to become actively involved in the democratic processes of state building.

For this reason, GAP Institute set out its mission to bridge the gap between governance and citizens and between problems and solutions for the advancement of Kosovo society. This is achieved through advocating for better governance, monitoring the work of public institutions, and providing concrete recommendations on public policy. GAP addresses domestic economic, political, and social challenges by engaging professionals from various fields.

Fifteen years afterwards, at GAP Institute, we are proud of our achievements in an exceptionally challenging environment for the functioning of think-tank organizations. Throughout these years, GAP has managed to establish itself as the most influential organization in public policy matters, the most cited source by domestic and international media, and the most cited organization in parliamentary debates, while maintaining constant support from donors.

This brief report on the 15th anniversary of the founding of GAP Institute represents an attempt to describe our journey. However, it is impossible to comprehensively document the activities of GAP spanning this one and a half decade.

At the same time, this report also serves as an acknowledgment to all who made our journey possible over the past 15 years, starting from our donors, professionals from different fields who have worked with us during different periods, the media who have conveyed our message, the decision makers who have taken into consideration our findings and recommendations, and the citizens who have trusted our mission and work.



*GAP Institute – one of the most influential think-tanks in Kosovo – promoting the economic development of this country.*

– **John Kerry**, U.S. Secretary of State, during his visit to Kosovo, December 2, 2015

# GAP Institute's impact on public policy

At GAP Institute, our principal goals revolve around engagement for the advancement of public policies which are fair, take into account citizens' needs, and affect sustainable development.

GAP's journey began few months before the declaration of Kosovo's independence. Since its first publication, GAP Institute has aimed to build a bridge between citizens and public institutions, creating an ongoing two-way communication and providing more accurate information to citizens about the work of public institutions, and conversely, informing public institutions of citizens' demands and offering alternatives for better evidence-based decision-making.

Some of the activities where GAP has been directly engaged in shaping public policy are listed below:

## 2007

The first policy brief by GAP, published in December 2007, regarding the potential closure of the Kosovo-Serbia border and **trade alternatives**, was published jointly with the Kosovo Customs.



## 2008

The proposal by GAP for the establishment of a **Brain Fund**, for purposes of enhancing professionalism in the state administration, was adopted as a government policy with the Decision No. 02/48 of the Government of Kosovo, of December 24, 2008.



## 2008–2010

GAP Institute was part of the Functional Review and Institutional Organization of Ministries (FRIDOM) Project (2008–2010), which has been and remains one of the biggest projects in **central administration reform**.

2008

GAP Institute was part of the group responsible for the organization of **the first and only Donors' Conference for Kosovo**, held in July 2008, where Kosovo was promised EUR 1.5 billion over a three-year period.

2008

GAP policy analysis "The Budget of Kosovo Police" served as a baseline document for the drafting of **Police budget policies** and this analysis was also published in the official magazine of the Kosovo Police "Mbrotjësi" (Protector).



2008

The GAP policy report **"A Review of Private Higher Education in Kosovo"** (2008) remains the only report of its kind. On the occasion of the accreditation process of private institutions of higher education, the British Council, which was responsible for the accreditation process, referred to the findings of GAP's report.

2008

In March 2008, GAP Institute concluded a Memorandum of Understanding with the Parliamentary Committee for European Integration, to support this Committee in its daily work and in the **drafting of the Committee's plan** for addressing the challenges highlighted in the Progress Report for Kosovo, a plan which is drawn up regularly by this Committee since 2008.

2008

Since 2008, GAP Institute has been the **most frequently invited** organization to make presentations at public hearings organized by parliamentary committees.

2010



In 2010, GAP Institute concluded a Memorandum of Understanding with the Ministry of Trade and Industry (MTI), to help the Ministry in **analyzing the losses** from the blockade introduced by Serbia and Bosnia & Herzegovina to Kosovan products.

2011

In 2011, the GAP policy brief on **CEFTA** was published in the official magazine of the Kosovo Customs "Informatori Doganor" (Customs Information Brochure).

2015

In cooperation with GIZ, in 2015, GAP Institute contributed to the first edition and design of the "**Information booklet for citizens,**" now an annual publication by the Ministry of Finance.



2012

In 2012, GAP Institute concluded a **Memorandum of Understanding** with the Assembly of Kosovo and the National Democratic Institute (NDI), to support the Parliamentary Research Service with research.

2016

At the request of the Ministry of Economic Development, in 2016, GAP Institute developed a brief on the monopoly in **vehicles' homologation.**

2012

The GAP platform for **calculation of vehicle import cost and customs clearance** is linked to the Kosovo Customs website and is the only tool that enables citizens to calculate the cost of importing vehicles.

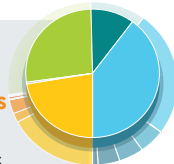


2016

Based on the GAP policy brief "Homologation Monopoly," the Kosovo Competition Authority **launched an investigation** to establish whether the homologation agreement was in contradiction with the constitutional principle of free competition. Homologation procedures for vehicles from EU countries were removed in 2021.

2013

The GAP platform highlighting **revenues and expenditures** of budget organizations is directly linked to the official websites of at least 24 municipalities of Kosovo.



2016

GAP Institute was part of the initiating group for the establishment of the **Forum for Transparency**, comprised of the Assembly of Kosovo and civil society organizations.



2018

After GAP found mistakes in the calculation of the financial impact assessment for the Draft Law on **Albanian Education Workers of the '90s**, where the cost of this law was underestimated by up to 114%, the Parliamentary Committee introduced radical changes to the content of the law.



2020

GAP is among the few organizations in Kosovo to have analyzed **the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in the economy**, local government, labor market, and budget of Kosovo, as well as the role of the diaspora to the domestic economy.



2021

Following the publication of the analysis on the decline in the number of students in schools, the Ministry of Education, Science, and Technology invited GAP to contribute as member to the working group it established for analyzing **the current situation in the Kosovo school network**.



GAP Institute has been part of the **working groups** for:

- drafting the Local Self-Government Strategy 2016–2026
- drafting the Concept Note on the New Law on Local Elections
- drafting the Concept Note and Law on Municipal Performance Management and Performance-Based Grant Scheme
- drafting the Data Verification Methodology for Municipal Performance Management System
- drafting the Administrative Instruction on Minimum Standards for Municipal Consultations
- drafting the Integrity Plan for Local Level (2017)
- drafting the Comprehensive Study on Local Governance in Kosovo (2018 – 2019)
- amendment of Law on Local Government Finance (2021)
- establishment of Criteria and Model for Digitalization of Municipal Services (2021 – 2022)
- member of Consultative Forum for Local Governance
- member of Thematic Working Group for Local Self-Government Powers

# GAP Institute's contribution to sustainable development

From the outset, GAP Institute has been recognized as an organization that covers sustainable economic development in its portfolio. GAP Institute is committed to an economically developed Kosovo, which is competitive with the economies of the countries in the region and ready for membership to the single European market.

To achieve this goal, through its publications, activities, and advocacy campaigns, GAP Institute engaged for better policies that contribute to reducing the trade deficit, increasing quality standards in production, advocating for sustainable energy policies and diversification of energy production resources, improving the performance of public enterprises, monitoring the work of market regulators, designing fiscal policies, and directing the budget to sectors that guarantee sustainable economic development.

In addition to publications, GAP Institute was engaged in joint activities with Kosovo Customs, Kosovo Tax Administration, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Economic Development, Ministry of Trade and Industry, parliamentary committees covering economic development, etc. Additionally, GAP Institute has developed good relations with private businesses and with the Chambers of Commerce operating in Kosovo.

During the pandemic crisis, much like other countries, Kosovo introduced public health protective measures, which led to a decline in economic activity. GAP Institute, owing to the flexibility guaranteed by institutional donors, was the first organization that, through evidence-based reports, media campaigns, and other advocacy activities, directed the debate toward the economic measures that should be taken, publishing detailed data on the pandemic impact on local government, state budget, income from tourism and the diaspora, and the overall economic impact. During 2020–2022, through policy briefs and infographics, GAP Institute monitored and reported on the effect of the economic recovery packages on the account of the pandemic and how the budget was disbursed based on the recovery packages, including three such packages introduced by three different governments.



# GAP Institute's contribution to parliamentary debate

One of the principal goals of GAP has been to provide independent and evidence-based analysis aiming to enrich parliamentary debate. For this purpose, since March 2008, GAP Institute has consistently participated in public hearings, made presentations to the parliamentary committees, participated in working groups, involved in joint efforts between members of the Assembly and civil society, conducted parliamentary research as requested, and maintained direct communication with members of the Assembly from all political parties and all legislatures since 2008.

GAP publications have been cited in parliamentary sessions and committee meetings, while GAP recommendations have been included in laws and strategies passed in the Assembly.

As demonstrated by the excerpt examples from speeches by members of the Assembly in parliamentary sessions, GAP publications have been cited by members of the Assembly from all political parties and ethnic groups:

**TIME KADRIJAJ** 16 qershor 2011

Sipas analizës së **GAP-it**, del se nuk respektohet orari i punës, nuk respektohen kontratat e punës, librezat e punës, në shumë institucione edhe publike edhe private, domethënë del se nuk respektohet Ligji i punës.

**TEUTA HAXHIU** 12 shtator 2013

Do të thotë, në këtë rast edhe raporti i komisionit, por edhe rekomandimet e **GAP-it** që kanë dalë janë që urgjentisht, pra të shkohet në plotësim-ndryshimin e ligjit, thashë për të rregulluar që është ligji bazik, për të rregulluar edhe ligjet e tjera dhe njëkohësisht për të



**SHQIPE PANTINA (VV)** 10 shtator 2017

Të njëjtat probleme që i ka thënë Raporti i Progresit, po ashtu i thotë edhe raporti i Këshillit të Pavarur Mbikëqyrës të Shërbimit Civil, e besa edhe raportet e organizatave joqeveritare, vendore, që merren apo e monitorojnë punën e administratës, siç është për shembull raporti i **GAP-it**.

**BLERIM KUÇI (AAK)** 7 dhjetor 2018

Mua më duhet të them, sepse e kam edhe 1 minutë e diçka, edhe tendenca, ishte një tendencë të i jepet orientim partiak këtij buxheti. Unë i kam parë edhe i kam përcjellë disa prononcime të disa parafolësve edhe që janë thirrur në institutin **GAP**.

**AVDULLAH HOTI (LDK)** 4 dhjetor 2018

Parimi i trajtimit të barabartë të çdo qytetari nga ana e shtetit shkelet nëse komunat e udhëhequra nga partia e kryeministrit përfitojnë për kokë banori tri herë më shumë se komuna të tjera, siç u dëshmuva nga **GAP** në analizën e buxhetit për vitin 2019.

**ALBULENA HAXHIU (VV)** 28 qershor 2019

Ky institut, thotë që ministria nuk ka shpallur procedura të tenderimit, duke shmangur në këtë formë edhe konkurrencën, dhe duke i dhënë qasje ekskluzive vetëm një kompanie. Pra, këtë e thotë edhe instituti **GAP**, dhe unë ju ftoj që ta lexoni këtë analizë që është shumë e detajuar dhe shumë e vlefshme.

**SEJDI HOXHA (PDK)** 2 mars 2020

Në bazë të analizave të bëra nga instituti **GAP** rezulton se çdo vit Kosova importon mallra serbe në vlerë rreth 400 milionë euro nga Serbia dhe rreth 80 milionë euro nga Bosnja e Hercegovina. Së bashku këto dy shtete përbëjnë rreth 17% të importit të

**ALBANA BYTYQI (AAK)** 11 qershor 2021

Nga raporti i fundit të **GAP-it**, pakoja emergjente e ndarë nga Qeveria e Kosovës për t'iu dalë në ndihmë bizneseve të prekura ekonomikisht, në vlerë prej 179 mijë euro, sipas tyre kjo pako soll

**BEKIM HAXHIU (PDK)** 16 qershor 2022

Një hulumtim i Institutit **GAP** të para një jave që rezulton se me këtë projektligj punëtorët përfitojnë 695 500 qytetarë kontributpagues në Trust.

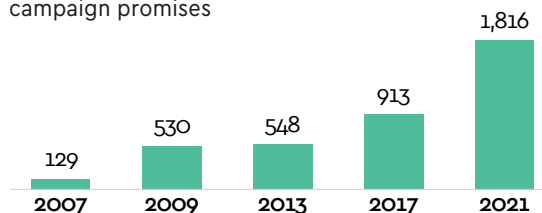
## Advancement of democracy at local level

Since the 2007 local elections, GAP has been engaged in identifying the main problems for citizens in municipalities, monitoring election campaign promises, reporting on governance, and providing recommendations for improving policies and laws that regulate local government.

After the 2013 local elections, GAP Institute developed an electronic platform, reporting in real time on the fulfillment of the campaign promises of elected mayors at the local level. Election campaign promises are contracts that voters conclude with the elected mayor, therefore, it is important for GAP that such contractual obligations are respected, in order to increase citizens' trust in democratic processes and improve the lives of all citizens.

In five sets of local elections, since 2007, GAP Institute has monitored and reported on 3,936 campaign promises.

Number of monitored campaign promises





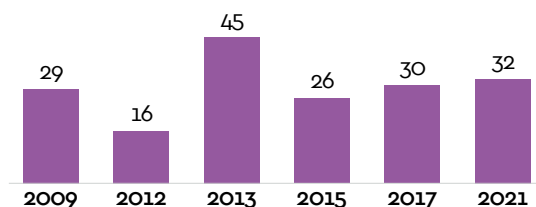


## MUNICIPAL IDENTITY CARDS



In addition to monitoring campaign promises, since 2007, GAP has also published "Municipal Identity Cards", which report on municipal governance, analyzing transparency, decision-making, the state of administration, health, education, budget spending, and taking stock of the local economy.

Number of published reports:  
"Municipal Identity Cards"



GAP has also regularly participated in the working groups of the Ministry of Local Government Administration and other ministries for the advancement of policy and the legal basis for strengthening democracy at the local level.

The GAP platform for municipalities [www.komunat.institutigap.org](http://www.komunat.institutigap.org) was used by the media to direct the election debate towards the fulfillment of campaign promises and the identification of issues in the municipalities.

Since 2016, GAP Institute has worked to develop a network of local organizations that have been trained in the GAP methodology for monitoring campaign promises. This has enabled a sustainable partnership and helped strengthen organizations at the local level.



## Enhancing transparency and accountability on budget revenues and expenditures

The budget is one of the most important tools used to address the essential economic and social problems of Kosovo's citizens. For that reason, GAP Institute is committed to enhancing budget transparency, as a first step in combating corruption and increasing accountability, by providing detailed information on budget revenues and expenditures, in a straightforward user-friendly form.

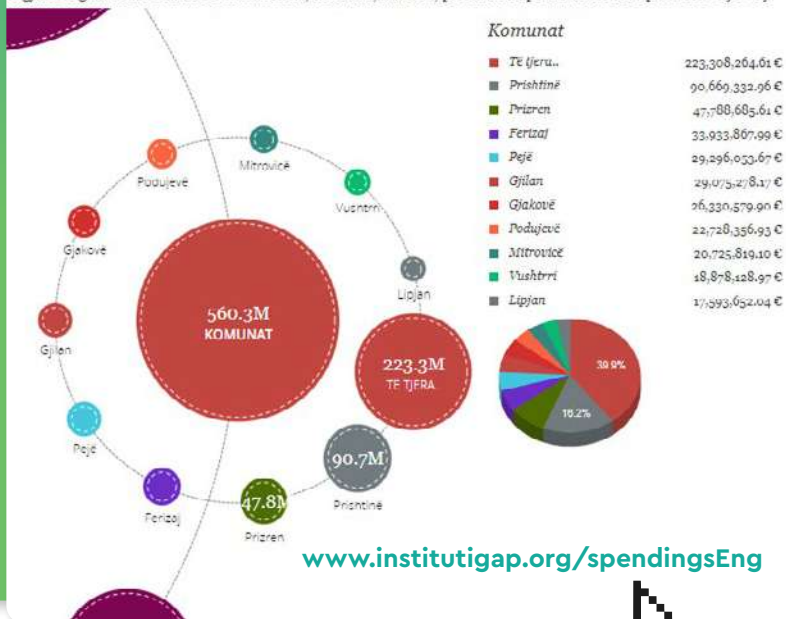
## Si i shpenzon shteti paret tona?

Te dhena mbi ndarjet dhe shpenzimin e parase publike

ndarje

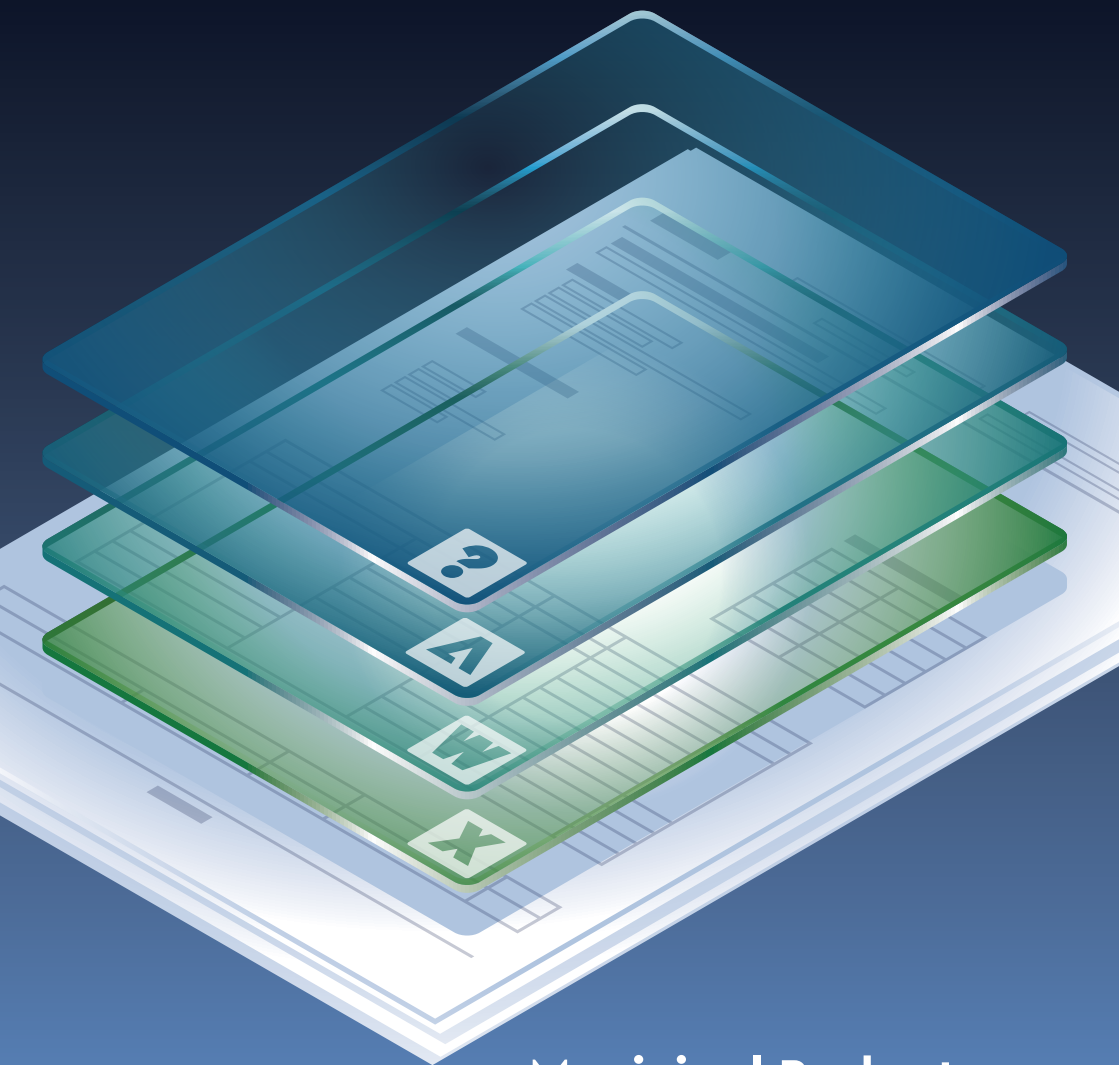
Zgjedh Komunën

të gjitha organizatave buxhetore si ministrinë, komunat, kuvendi, presidenca apo institucionet e pavarura veç e veç.



Since 2013, GAP has built the largest electronic platform in Kosovo and the region, [www.institutigap.org/budget/](http://www.institutigap.org/budget/), which serves as a database for all budget revenues and expenditures of all budget organizations in the last decade. The greatest significance of this platform lies in the fact that it showcases budget revenues and expenditures in a visual and interactive form.

Budget organizations have used GAP's platform on budget revenues and expenditures for the purpose of informing citizens about the state budget. There are at least 24 municipalities in Kosovo that have linked the GAP platform to the official website of their municipality.



# Municipal Budget Transparency Index

[www.institutigap.org/transparenca-buxhetore](http://www.institutigap.org/transparenca-buxhetore)





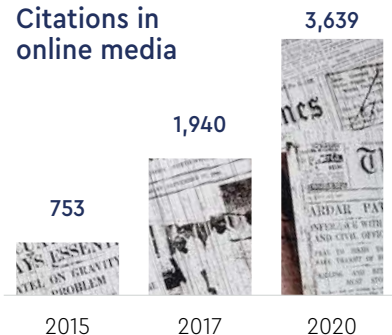


# GAP in media

For 15 years, GAP Institute has enjoyed an exceptionally good cooperation with both local and international media. Through media, GAP has reached the citizens, but also the decision makers.

Information extracted from websites in the Albanian language show that the media coverage of GAP in a single year counts thousands of articles.

## Citations in online media



Source: Gjirafa.com

GAP Institute's work has been covered by the most read and credible media both in country and abroad.









## Coronavirus Helps Bring Down Kosovo's Government, With Nudge From U.S.

Kosovo's prime minister lost a no-confidence vote on Wednesday, partly because of disputes over how to respond to the pandemic. Critics say American diplomacy also played a role.

Give this article



Prime Minister Albin Kurti of Kosovo in February. His administration collapsed after his coalition partners sided with opposition parties in a no-confidence vote. Armed Nimani/Agence France-Presse — Getty Images



By Patrick Kingsley

Published March 25, 2020 Updated Nov. 5, 2020

BERLIN — The coronavirus crisis contributed to the collapse of a national government on Wednesday. A majority of lawmakers in [Kosovo](#) voted to bring down the ruling coalition, following a political dispute

... Serbia. The debate p...  
...ivist, against both Mr. Thaci, a former...  
... Trump administration.

... is very clearly a consequence of the hardball game th...  
Americans are playing right now," said [Wolfgang Petritsch](#), a former European Union envoy in Kosovo.

An American-led bombing campaign helped Kosovo break free of Serbian rule in 1999, but the Balkan neighbors have never signed a final peace treaty.

Serbia has successfully lobbied dozens of countries not to recognize Kosovo as a sovereign state, restricting Kosovo's ability to operate on the world stage. In retaliation, Kosovo imposes large tariffs on Serbian goods; the duties have cost the Serbian economy at least 160 million euros (about \$175 million), according to the [GAP Institute](#), a research group in Kosovo.

Before Mr. Kurti entered office, the Trump administration attempted to end the dispute by brokering a deal between... and Serbian President Aleksandar Vucic.

# GAP Institute in international forums

Kosovo is greatly influenced by developments in the region and Europe. For a long time, Kosovo was under international supervision and there is still a notable presence of international missions in Kosovo. For this purpose, GAP Institute has attached special importance to cooperation with international missions in Kosovo, foreign service offices, international organizations, as well as to cooperation in regional forums and beyond.

For several successive years, GAP Institute has been one of few organizations from Kosovo to regularly participate in the Fall and Annual Meetings of the World Bank (WB) and the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in Washington D.C., engaging with the executive directors of various country offices and leaders of different mechanisms within World Bank.

Moreover, GAP representatives have regularly attended meetings of civil society organizations under the scope of the Berlin Process, participating to the Annual Summits in Vienna, Trieste, London, Poznan, etc.

GAP Institute has been part of the regional initiative on ["The Future of the Welfare State in the Western Balkans,"](#) a group of think-tank organizations from all the countries of the Western Balkans, with the aim of advocating for equitable social policies.

GAP is also a member of the regional network of well-established think tanks, [WEBecon](#), working on solutions for the economic and social development of the Western Balkans.

As part of the "Building Bridges" initiative funded by the Open Society Foundations, during 2018–2020, GAP Institute managed to establish cooperation with the most prominent think-tank organizations in Europe. In the framework of this initiative, in collaboration with the Vienna Institute for International Economic Studies (wiiw), in 2019, GAP presented a joint analysis at a [forum](#) held at the premises of the Energy Secretariat in Vienna. In 2020, in cooperation with the Research Unit of the Expert Council of German Foundations on Integration and Migration, [in Berlin](#), GAP presented to representatives of the German Government and officials of the Government of Kosovo an analysis of the German's Western Balkan Regulation.



# GAP Donors

Since its establishment, GAP Institute was consistently supported with grants from the Rockefeller Brothers Fund, the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency, the National Endowment for Democracy, and the Open Society Foundations.



# Other donors over the years



Funded by  
the European Union



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft  
Confédération suisse  
Confederazione Svizzera  
Confederaziun svizra

MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF DENMARK  
**DANIDA** | INTERNATIONAL  
DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION

Swiss Agency for Development  
and Cooperation SDC



British Embassy  
Pristina



**USAID**  
NGA POPULLI AMERIKAN  
OD AMERIČKOG NARODA



Empowered lives.  
Resilient nations.



**FRIEDRICH  
EBERT  
STIFTUNG**

**giz** Deutsche Gesellschaft  
für Internationale  
Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH



Government of the Netherlands

B | T | D



# GAP Institute staff over the years

GAP Institute has engaged professionals from various fields, whose educational background was from the most renowned universities in the world, and who through GAP have influenced the advancement of public policy in Kosovo.

## Current Staff:



**Blendi Hasaj**  
Executive Director



**Nita Tafarshiku**  
Finance Manager



**Agron Demi**  
Research Director



**Albana Rukolli**  
Research Assistant



**Antigona Berisha-Lucaj**  
Communications  
Officer/Researcher



**Ardit Namani**  
Research Assistant



**Bekim Salihu**  
Policy Analyst



**Xhesilda Mehmetaj**  
Research Assistant



**Rrona Zhuri**  
Researcher



**Nora Latifi Jashari**  
External Associate

## Advisory Board:

- Venera Demukaj
- Mërgim Cahani
- Linda Gusia

## Former Staff:

- |                    |                     |                        |
|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| - Adriana Sejfia   | - Dren Pozhegu      | - Nita Shala           |
| - Aida Sopi        | - Fjolla Kondirolli | - Nora Jusufi          |
| - Albina Jupa      | - Fjolla Kaçaniku   | - Patrick<br>McConnell |
| - Ardiana Gjinolli | - Gentian Gashi     | - Rudina Heroi         |
| - Arlinda Bajrami  | - Jehona Konjusha   | - Shemsedin Aliu       |
| - Aulona Selishta  | - Jeton Mehmeti     | - Shpend Ahmeti        |
| - Berat Thaqi      | - Krenar Shala      | - Valon Grabanica      |
| - Blend Hyseni     | - Kreshnik Berisha  | - Visar Berisha        |
| - Blerta Leci      | - Kushtrim Puka     | - Visar Rushiti        |
| - Donika Ahmeti    | - Leartha Hollaj    | - Zana Idrizi          |
| - Dren Selimi      | - Linda Shuku       |                        |

## Former Board Members:

- |                           |                  |                    |
|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| - Alban Ibrahim           | - Besnik Pula    | - Kreshnik Berisha |
| - Argjentina<br>Grazhdani | - Chadd Briggs   | - Rinor Beka       |
| - Arianit Blakaj          | - Edon Vrenezi   | - Robert Austin    |
| - Arsim Bruçaj            | - Ilir Hoxha     | - Senad Sabovic    |
| - Astrit Istrefi          | - Jehona Lushaku | - Mikra Krasniqi   |

” GAP Institute – one of the most influential think-tanks in Kosovo – promoting the economic development of this country

*John Kerry*, U.S. Secretary of State, during his visit to Kosovo, December 2, 2015

” Civil society organizations like the GAP Institute are doing an incredible work, not only to draw attention to corruption, but also to facilitate dialogue and debate that will lead to real solutions.

*Colleen Hyland*, Deputy Chief of Mission, U.S. Embassy in Kosovo, 2017.

” A powerful report from GAP Institute for Advanced Studies, published in May 2008, demonstrated the inconsistencies and illegalities which characterized the private provision of higher education in Kosovo.

*Profesor Steve Brisstow*, Head of Inspection Services of the British Accreditation Council for Independent Further and Higher Education, January 2010.

” ...an excellent brief and the first we have received to feature disaggregated data on the economic effects of the first wave of the pandemic.

*European Commission Office in Kosovo, 2021*



” GAP Institute: A Leader in Public Policy Field in Kosovo

*Central European Journal of Public Policy, Charles University, Prague 2010*

” Acknowledging the efforts of GAP Institute in the fight against corruption in Kosovo

*UNDP Kosovo Office, 2016.*

” Initial indications are that civil society organizations are not that active in Kosovo on fiscal matters, although GAP is a notable exception.

*Mark Hallerberg, Professor at Hertie School of Governance, Berlin.*

” Instituti GAP angazhohet në krijimin e lidhjeve më të mira mes të problemeve të qytetarëve dhe qeverisjes lokale, luftimin e korrupsionit dhe promovimin e transparencës buxhetore.

*Philip Kosnett, ambasador i SHBA në Kosovë, 2021.*



### Ligji për Buxhet 2022

Favorizimet dhe diskriminimet e komunave në investimet kapitale



### Ndikimi i tërheqjes së kursimeve pensionale deri në 30%

në ekonominë e Kosovës



### Ndikimi i tërheqjes së kursimeve pensionale deri në 30%

në ekonominë e Kosovës



### Reformimi i Shtetësisë dhe Ndhikjes Sociale



### ndikimi i buxhetit në ekonominë e Kosovës



### 15 vjet përfaqje për aprovimin e Ligjit për Qeverinë



### Pensionimi i parakohshëm i shtetësisë civile



### Shtesë 50/50



### Ndikimi i grantëve në programin Isqalor



### Ndikimi i buxhetit në universitetet



### kompletare për zhvillimin



### Programi e politsave kultivare nga buxheti i shtetit



### A do të jetë ligji i ri për Zonat Ekonomike Rritore i zhvillimit lokal?



### Programi i Rimëkëmbjes Ekonomike



### Projektbuxheti 2021: Komuniteti i Investimeve Kapitale



### forma (ARE)



### Indeksi i Transparençës Buxhetore të Komunave 2018



### Indeksi i Transparençës Buxhetore të Komunave 2017



### Ndikimi i pandemisë COVID-19 në pushtetin lokal



### Prioritetet e buxhetit të Kosovës para pandemisë COVID-19



### protija e konsulentëve sektorin bankar



### 100 ditëve të para



### Ndikimi i buxhetit i Ligjit për punëtorët e arsimin shqipërisë 90



### Ndikimi i rimborsimit shantierore në tregun e energjisë elektrike në Ballkan



### Monitorimi i Strategjisë për Modernizimin e Administratës Publike



# 194

reports and policy briefs



Programi dhe Ligji për Rinikëmbje Ekonomike

Ndikimi i subvencioneve në prodhimin të pajisjeve

Si cilët tërësitë parakalohen COVID-19 dhe kullimi i tyre i impaktuar në detyrimet në mënyrë rigjil Kosovës?

Të papurë në pandemi  
Analizë e shkurtyrë mbi numrin dhe profilin e punëdhënësve gjatë periudhës mars 2020 - shkurt 2021

Rekrutimet jomerrtare në institucionet publike

Emjeja COVID-19 në Kosovë

Dilema 10% për taksat dhe shërbimet publike në kohën e krizës personale

Ndikimi i COVID-19 në...

... dhe shkurtyrë mbi mospunëtorët e gjimtit dhe profesionistët në Kosovë

Ndikimi i taksës 100% në prodhimin dhe qirimit të produkteve në Kosovë

Shterreshtimi i sigurimit të vjetërave: mosmarrëveshja dhe kufizimi i konkurrencës së brende

Potenciali tregtar Kosovë - Shqipëri: pengesat dhe shtrëngimet në marrëdhëniet bilaterale

Emri i funksioneve të Kosovës në Qendrën Evropiane të Komunikimit dhe Raportimit

Njëqiejt e komunave në funksionimin e kësajve elektronike për ofrimin e shërbimeve administrative

PARANDALIMI DHE LUFTIMI I KONFLIKTIT TË INTERESIT NË KOSOVË

"Lufta" për mëdije: përjetimi i institucioneve publike meqë subvencioneve shtetërore

Probleme pa zgjidhje?

Ofrimi i Shërbimeve Publike-Ad në Nivel Lo...

The **100%** tax



Is it helping or hurting  
Kosovo's economy?

The economic impact of the 100% tax on  
Serbia and Bosnia and Herzegovina's products

May 2019

After the  
introduction of the  
**100%**  
tax

Imports from Bosnia and Herzegovina (BH) saw  
**a decline of 83%**  
(24 million Euros)

Imports from Serbia marked  
**a decline of 88%**  
(160 million Euros)



Prices of food items  
**increased by 5.3%**  
compared to the same period  
last year



A considerable  
number of Serbia and BIH products  
**continue to be imported**  
through the countries  
of the region

Manufacturing businesses  
**have not increased**  
their domestic production.

The biggest  
winners during  
this period were  
**Slovenia, Israel and Turkey**

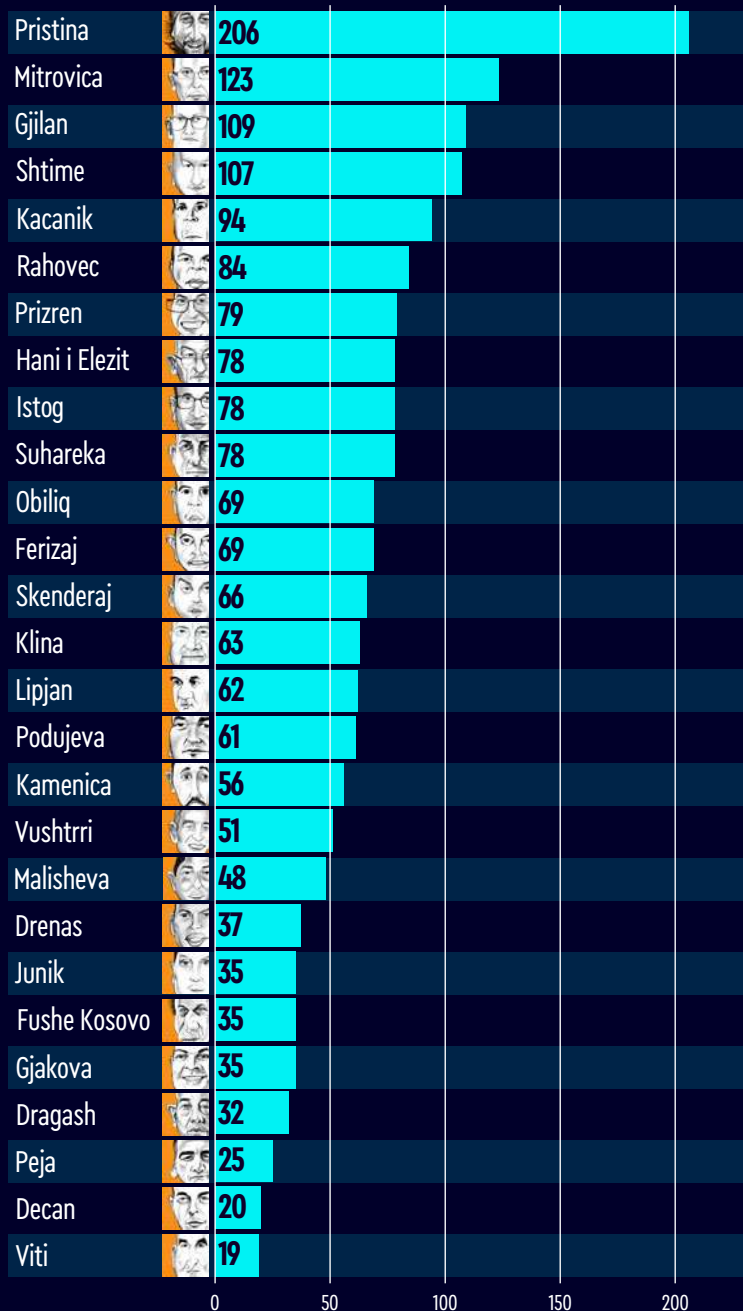


**IMPORT**

Trade deficit  
**has increased**  
by 5.4%

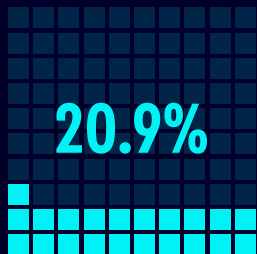


The number of promises given by the mayors of the municipalities for the 2021 - 2025 governing mandate.

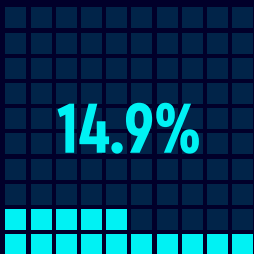


# The promises given by the mayors of the municipalities according to the areas for the governing mandate 2021-2025.

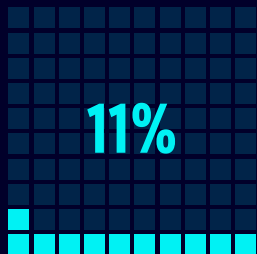
Public Services 381



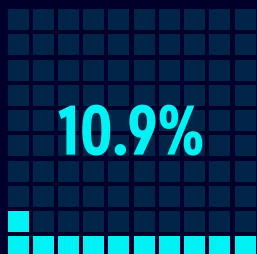
Education 270



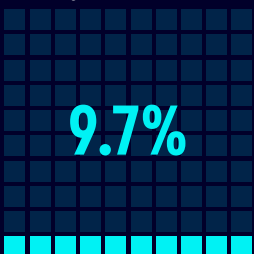
Culture 200



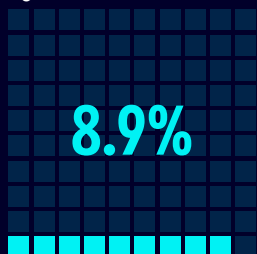
Infrastructure 199



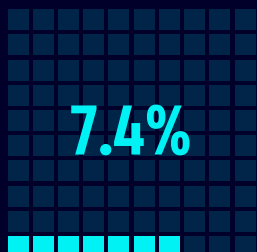
Economy 176



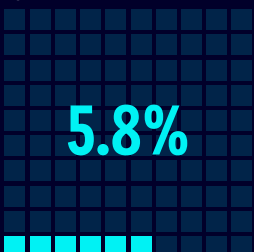
Agriculture 162



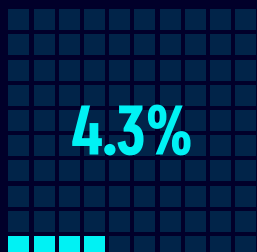
Health 134



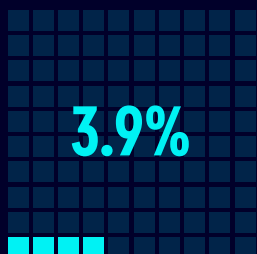
Sports 106



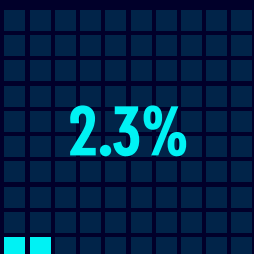
Administration 79



Social 71

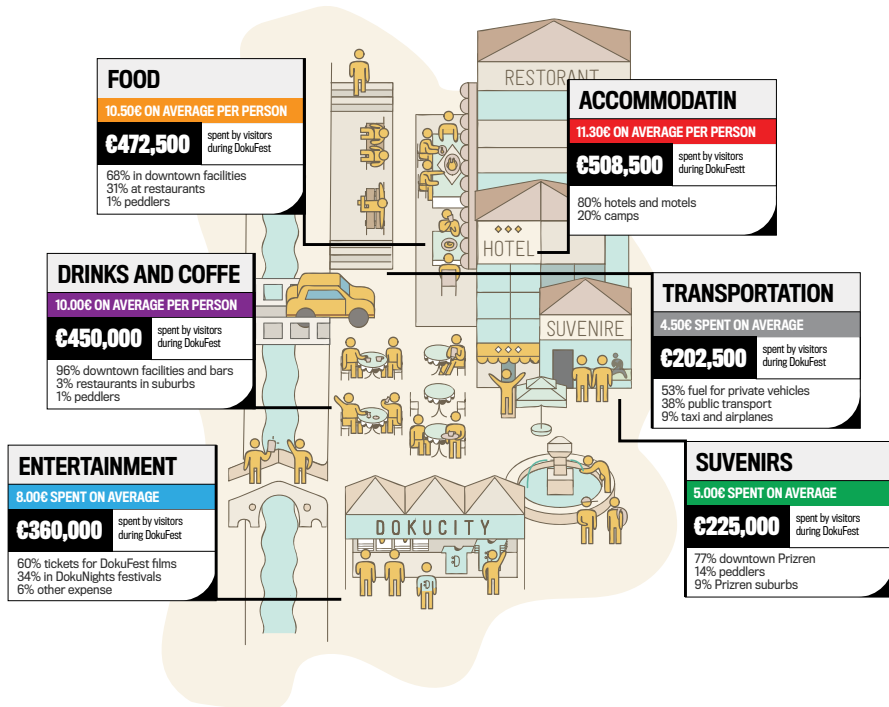


Urbanism 41



**1,819**  
promises in total

Expenses of other visitors during DokuFest days



A e dini se...

Kosova importon

**80.278kg**

hudhra në vit,

**60%**

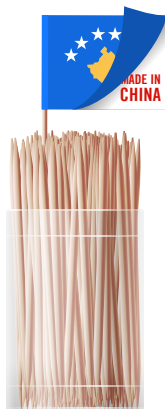
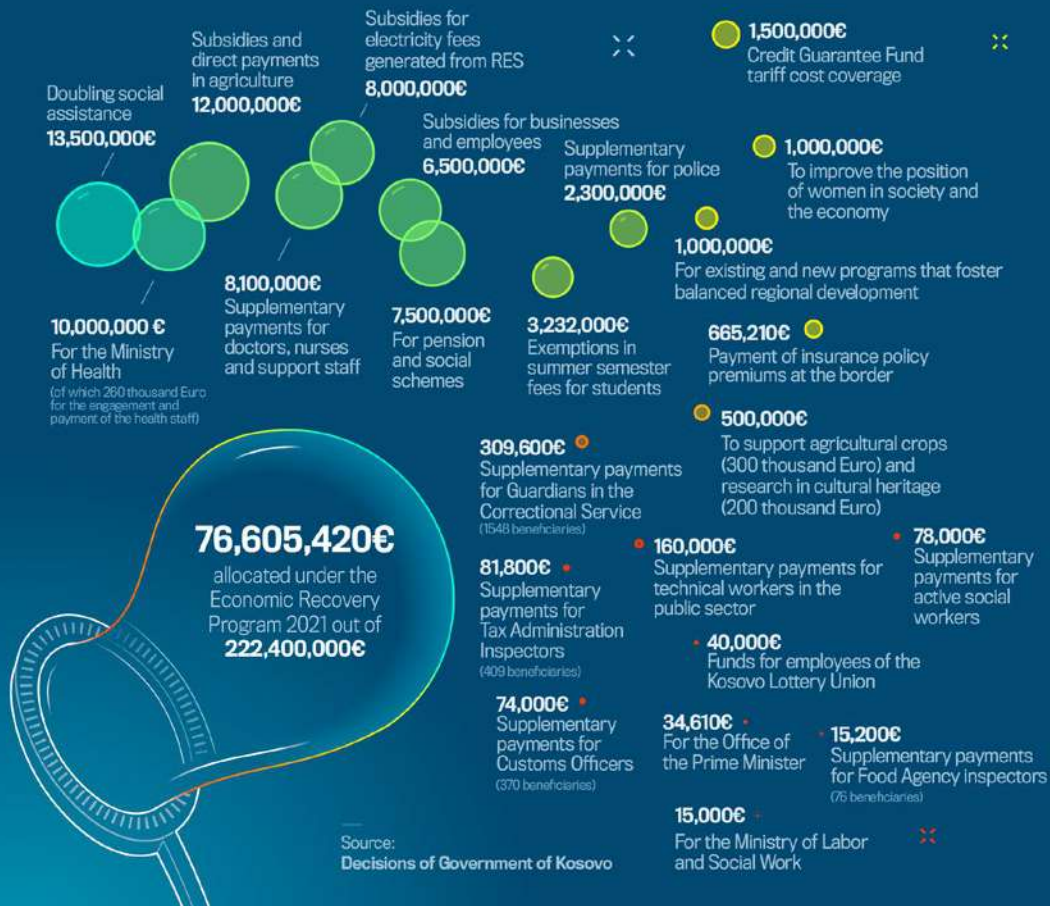
prej tyre

nga Kina?





# Allocation of funds for Economic Recovery (January-March 2021)



## A e dini se...

**Kosova importon  
rrëmojësa në vlerë prej**

**50.000€**

**në vit, 99% prej të  
cilave vijnë nga Kina?**

15  
*vjet years*

●●●gap●●